AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims in accordance with the changes indicated in the complete listing of claims that follows, which shall replace all prior versions of the claims in the application.

1. (Previously Presented) A void former, comprising:

an elongate tubular body having a closed inner end and an open outer end;

a wall of said body defined by coextensive inner and outer surfaces;

a groove formed in said wall and extending from one of said inner and outer surfaces thereof toward, but not through, the other of said inner and outer surfaces, such that a web of material substantially thinner than said wall is retained between said groove and the other of said inner and outer surfaces:

a flange circumscribing a portion of the periphery of said elongate tubular body at said open outer end and extending radially outwardly therefrom so as to facilitate grasping of the flange prior to removal from a concrete void; and

a slot formed in said flange and having side edges positioned on opposite sides of said groove, wherein said groove extends along said body and terminates within the slot;

said web being configured to both rupture and permit said body to collapse inwardly in response to a grasping force applied to said flange and directed longitudinally away from said elongate tubular body.

2-3. (Cancelled)

4. (**Previously Presented**) The void former of claim 1, wherein said groove extends spirally along and about said body.

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5. (Original) The void former of claim 4, wherein said groove is formed in said inner surface of

said body.

6. (Original) The void former of claim 5, wherein said outer surface of said body is

substantially smooth.

7. (Previously Presented) A void former comprising:

an elongate tubular body having a closed inner end and an open outer end;

a wall of said body defined by coextensive inner and outer surfaces;

a groove formed in said wall and extending from one of said inner and outer surfaces

thereof toward, but not through, the other of said inner and outer surfaces, such that a web of

material substantially thinner than said wall is retained between said groove and the other of said

inner and outer surfaces;

a flange circumscribing a portion of the periphery of said elongate tubular body at said

open outer end and extending radially outwardly therefrom so as to facilitate grasping of the

flange prior to removal from a concrete void; and

a mass of plastic concrete having an outer surface;

said web being configured to both rupture and permit said body to collapse inwardly in

response to a grasping force applied to said flange and directed longitudinally away from said

elongate tubular body; and

said body being positioned in said mass with said open end positioned adjacent said outer

surface of said mass and said flange positioned in contact with said outer surface.

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8. (Original) The void former of claim 7, wherein:

said mass has an upper surface substantially normal to said outer surface thereof, and

said elongate tubular body extends substantially parallel to said upper surface.

9. (Cancelled)

10. (Previously Presented) In combination with a mass of plastic concrete having an upper

surface and an edge surface extending substantially perpendicularly to said upper surface, the

improvement comprising:

an elongate tubular body having a closed inner end and an open outer end, said body

being received in said mass with said outer end positioned at said edge surface of said mass and

said body extending substantially parallel to said upper surface of said mass;

a wall of said body defined by coextensive inner and outer surfaces;

a groove formed in said wall and extending from one of said inner and outer surfaces to,

but not through, the other of said inner and outer surfaces such that a web of material

substantially thinner than said wall bridges said groove; and

a flange generally circumscribing the periphery of said elongate tubular body at said open

outer end and projecting perpendicularly outwardly therefrom, said flange being in overlapping

contact with said edge surface of said mass;

said web being configured to both rupture and permit said body to collapse inwardly in

response to a grasping force applied to said flange and directed longitudinally away from said

elongate tubular body.

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11. (**Original**) The combination of claim 10, wherein said groove extends spirally along and about said body.

12-19. (**Cancelled**)

- 20. (**Previously Presented**) The void former of claim 1, wherein said closed inner end is tapered to facilitate insertion into plastic concrete.
- 21. (**Previously Presented**) The combination of claim 10, wherein said closed inner end is tapered to facilitate insertion into plastic concrete.

22-23. (Cancelled)

24. (**Previously Presented**) The combination of claim 10, further comprising:

a slot formed in said flange and having side edges positioned on opposite sides of said groove, wherein said groove extends along said body and terminates within the slot.

25. (**Previously Presented**) The combination of claim 21, wherein said elongate tubular body is formed without a taper along a substantial majority of its length so as to form a substantially cylindrical void in said mass.

26. (**Previously Presented**) The void former of claim 7, further comprising:

a slot formed in said flange and having side edges positioned on opposite sides of said groove, wherein said groove extends along said body and terminates within the slot.

- 27. (Previously Presented) The void former of claim 7, wherein said groove extends spirally along and about said body.
- 28. (Currently Amended) The void former of claim [[26]] --27--, wherein said groove is formed in said inner surface of said body.
- 29. (Currently Amended) The void former of claim [[27]] --28--, wherein said outer surface of said body is substantially smooth.
- 30. (Previously Presented) The void former of claim 7, wherein said closed inner end is tapered to facilitate insertion into plastic concrete.
- 31. (Previously Presented) The void former of claim 30, wherein said elongate tubular body is formed without a taper along a substantial majority of its length.
- 32. (Previously Presented) The void former of claim 20, wherein said elongate tubular body is formed without a taper along a substantial majority of its length.

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- 33. (**Previously Presented**) The void former of claim 11, wherein said groove is formed in said inner surface of said body.
- 34. **(Previously Presented)** The void former of claim 33, wherein said outer surface of said body is substantially smooth.